



General Assembly

February Session, 2012

Raised Bill No. 5389

LCO No. 1762

01762_____JUD

Referred to Committee on Judiciary

Introduced by:
(JUD)

AN ACT CONCERNING THE PALLIATIVE USE OF MARIJUANA.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives in General Assembly convened:

1 Section 1. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2012*) As used in sections 1 to
2 15, inclusive, of this act, unless the context otherwise requires:

3 (1) "Cultivation" includes planting, propagating, cultivating,
4 growing and harvesting;

5 (2) "Debilitating medical condition" means cancer, glaucoma,
6 positive status for human immunodeficiency virus or acquired
7 immune deficiency syndrome, Parkinson's disease, multiple sclerosis,
8 damage to the nervous tissue of the spinal cord with objective
9 neurological indication of intractable spasticity, epilepsy, cachexia,
10 wasting syndrome, Crohn's disease, Posttraumatic Stress Disorder, or
11 any other medical condition, medical treatment or disease approved
12 by the Department of Consumer Protection pursuant to regulations
13 adopted under section 14 of this act;

14 (3) "Licensed dispensary" or "dispensary" means a pharmacist
15 licensed pursuant to chapter 400j of the general statutes, who the

16 Department of Consumer Protection determines to be qualified to
17 acquire, possess, distribute and dispense marijuana pursuant to
18 sections 1 to 15, inclusive, of this act and who is licensed as a
19 dispensary by the Department of Consumer Protection pursuant to
20 section 9 of this act;

21 (4) "Licensed producer" or "producer" means a person (A) with
22 appropriate expertise in agriculture, organized for the purpose of
23 cultivating marijuana for palliative use in this state and selling,
24 delivering, transporting or distributing marijuana for palliative use
25 only to licensed dispensaries under sections 1 to 15, inclusive, of this
26 act, and (B) that is licensed as a producer by the Department of
27 Consumer Protection pursuant to section 10 of this act;

28 (5) "Marijuana" has the same meaning as provided in section 21a-
29 240 of the general statutes;

30 (6) "Palliative use" means the acquisition and distribution,
31 possession, use or transportation of marijuana or paraphernalia
32 relating to marijuana to alleviate a qualifying patient's symptoms or
33 the effects of such symptoms, but does not include any such use of
34 marijuana by any person other than the qualifying patient. For the
35 purposes of this subdivision, "acquisition and distribution" means the
36 transfer of marijuana and paraphernalia relating to marijuana from the
37 primary caregiver to the qualifying patient;

38 (7) "Paraphernalia" means drug paraphernalia, as defined in section
39 21a-240 of the general statutes;

40 (8) "Physician" means a person who is licensed under the provisions
41 of chapter 370 of the general statutes, but does not include a physician
42 assistant, as defined in section 20-12a of the general statutes;

43 (9) "Primary caregiver" means a person, other than the qualifying
44 patient and the qualifying patient's physician, who is eighteen years of
45 age or older and has agreed to undertake responsibility for managing

46 the well-being of the qualifying patient with respect to the palliative
47 use of marijuana, provided (A) in the case of a qualifying patient
48 lacking legal capacity, such person shall be a parent, guardian or
49 person having legal custody of such qualifying patient, and (B) the
50 need for such person shall be evaluated by the qualifying patient's
51 physician and such need shall be documented in the written
52 certification;

53 (10) "Qualifying patient" means a person who is eighteen years of
54 age or older, is a resident of Connecticut and has been diagnosed by a
55 physician as having a debilitating medical condition. "Qualifying
56 patient" does not include an inmate confined in a correctional facility
57 of the Department of Correction;

58 (11) "Usable marijuana" means the dried leaves and flowers of the
59 marijuana plant, and any mixtures or preparations thereof, that are
60 appropriate for the palliative use of marijuana, but does not include
61 the seeds, stalks and roots of the plant; and

62 (12) "Written certification" means a statement signed and dated by
63 the qualifying patient's physician stating that, in such physician's
64 professional opinion, the qualifying patient has a debilitating medical
65 condition and the potential benefits of the palliative use of marijuana
66 would likely outweigh the health risks of such use to the qualifying
67 patient.

68 Sec. 2. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2012*) (a) A qualifying patient shall
69 not be subject to arrest or prosecution, penalized in any manner,
70 including, but not limited to, being subject to any civil penalty, or
71 denied any right or privilege, including, but not limited to, being
72 subject to any disciplinary action by a professional licensing board, for
73 the palliative use of marijuana if:

74 (1) The qualifying patient has been diagnosed by a physician as
75 having a debilitating medical condition;

76 (2) The qualifying patient's physician has issued a written
77 certification to the qualifying patient for the palliative use of marijuana
78 after the physician has prescribed, or determined it is not in the best
79 interest of the patient to prescribe, prescription drugs to address the
80 symptoms or effects for which the certification is being issued; and

81 (3) The combined amount of marijuana possessed by the qualifying
82 patient and the primary caregiver for palliative use does not exceed an
83 amount of useable marijuana reasonably necessary to ensure
84 uninterrupted availability for a period of one month, as determined by
85 the Department of Consumer Protection pursuant to regulations
86 adopted under section 14 of this act.

87 (b) Subsection (a) of this section does not apply to:

88 (1) Any palliative use of marijuana that endangers the health or
89 well-being of another person; or

90 (2) The ingestion of marijuana (A) in a motor bus or a school bus, as
91 defined respectively in section 14-1 of the general statutes, or in any
92 moving vehicle, (B) in the workplace, (C) on any school grounds or
93 any public or private school, dormitory, college or university property,
94 (D) at any public beach, park, recreation center or youth center or any
95 other public place, or (E) in the presence of a person under the age of
96 eighteen. For the purposes of this subdivision, (i) "presence" means
97 within the direct line of sight of the palliative use of marijuana or
98 exposure to second-hand marijuana smoke, or both; (ii) "public place"
99 means any area that is used or held out for use by the public whether
100 owned or operated by public or private interests; and (iii) "vehicle"
101 means a vehicle, as defined in section 14-1 of the general statutes.

102 (c) A qualifying patient shall have not more than one primary
103 caregiver at any time. No person who has been convicted of a violation
104 of any law pertaining to the illegal manufacture, sale or distribution of
105 a controlled substance shall serve as a primary caregiver for a
106 qualifying patient. A primary caregiver may not be responsible for the

107 care of more than one qualifying patient at any time, except that a
108 primary caregiver may be responsible for the care of more than one
109 qualifying patient if the primary caregiver and each qualifying patient
110 have a parental, guardianship, conservatorship or sibling relationship.
111 A primary caregiver who is registered in accordance with subsection
112 (a) of section 3 of this act shall not be subject to arrest or prosecution,
113 penalized in any manner, including, but not limited to, being subject to
114 any civil penalty, or denied any right or privilege, including, but not
115 limited to, being subject to any disciplinary action by a professional
116 licensing board, for the acquisition, distribution, possession or
117 transportation of marijuana or paraphernalia related to marijuana on
118 behalf of a qualifying patient, provided (1) the amount of any
119 marijuana so acquired, distributed, possessed or transported, together
120 with the combined amount of useable marijuana possessed by the
121 qualifying patient and the primary caregiver, does not exceed an
122 amount reasonably necessary to ensure uninterrupted availability for a
123 period of one month, as determined by the Department of Consumer
124 Protection pursuant to regulations adopted under section 14 of this act,
125 and (2) such amount is obtained solely within this state from a licensed
126 dispensary. For the purposes of this subsection, "distribution" or
127 "distributed" means the transfer of marijuana and paraphernalia
128 related to marijuana from the primary caregiver to the qualifying
129 patient.

130 (d) Any written certification for the palliative use of marijuana
131 issued by a physician under subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of this
132 section shall be valid for a period not to exceed one year from the date
133 such written certification is signed and dated by the physician. Not
134 later than ten calendar days after the expiration of such period, or at
135 any time before the expiration of such period should the qualifying
136 patient no longer wish to possess marijuana for palliative use, the
137 qualifying patient or the primary caregiver shall destroy all usable
138 marijuana possessed by the qualifying patient and the primary
139 caregiver for palliative use.

140 Sec. 3. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2012*) (a) Each qualifying patient
141 who is issued a written certification for the palliative use of marijuana
142 under subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 2 of this act, and the
143 primary caregiver of such qualifying patient, shall register with the
144 Department of Consumer Protection. Such registration shall be
145 effective from the date the Department of Consumer Protection issues
146 a certificate of registration until the expiration of the written
147 certification issued by the physician. The qualifying patient and the
148 primary caregiver shall provide sufficient identifying information, as
149 determined by the department, to establish the personal identity of the
150 qualifying patient and the primary caregiver. The qualifying patient or
151 the primary caregiver shall report any change in such information to
152 the department not later than five business days after such change. The
153 department shall issue a registration certificate to the qualifying
154 patient and to the primary caregiver and may charge a reasonable fee,
155 not to exceed twenty-five dollars, for each registration certificate
156 issued under this subsection. Any registration fees collected by the
157 department under this subsection shall be paid to the State Treasurer
158 and credited to the account established pursuant to section 18 of this
159 act.

160 (b) Information obtained under this section shall be confidential and
161 shall not be subject to disclosure under the Freedom of Information
162 Act, as defined in section 1-200 of the general statutes, except that
163 reasonable access to registry information obtained under this section
164 and temporary registration information obtained under section 15 of
165 this act shall be provided to: (1) State agencies, federal agencies and
166 local law enforcement agencies for the purpose of investigating or
167 prosecuting a violation of law; (2) physicians and pharmacists for the
168 purpose of providing patient care and drug therapy management and
169 monitoring controlled substances obtained by the patient; (3) public or
170 private entities for research or educational purposes, provided no
171 individually identifiable health information may be disclosed; (4) a
172 licensed dispensary for the purpose of complying with sections 1 to 15,
173 inclusive, of this act; or (5) a qualifying patient, but only with respect

174 to information related to such qualifying patient or such qualifying
175 patient's primary caregiver, or a primary caregiver, but only with
176 respect to information related to such primary caregiver's qualifying
177 patient.

178 Sec. 4. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2012*) Nothing in sections 1 to 16,
179 inclusive, of this act shall be construed to require health insurance
180 coverage for the palliative use of marijuana.

181 Sec. 5. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2012*) (a) A qualifying patient or a
182 primary caregiver may assert the palliative use of marijuana as an
183 affirmative defense to any prosecution involving marijuana, or
184 paraphernalia relating to marijuana, under chapter 420b of the general
185 statutes or any other provision of the general statutes, provided such
186 qualifying patient or such primary caregiver has strictly complied with
187 the requirements of sections 1 to 15, inclusive, of this act.

188 (b) No person shall be subject to arrest or prosecution solely for
189 being in the presence or vicinity of the palliative use of marijuana as
190 permitted under sections 1 to 15, inclusive, of this act.

191 Sec. 6. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2012*) A physician shall not be
192 subject to arrest or prosecution, penalized in any manner, including,
193 but not limited to, being subject to any civil penalty, or denied any
194 right or privilege, including, but not limited to, being subject to any
195 disciplinary action by the Connecticut Medical Examining Board or
196 other professional licensing board, for providing a written certification
197 for the palliative use of marijuana under subdivision (2) of subsection
198 (a) of section 2 of this act if:

199 (1) The physician has diagnosed the qualifying patient as having a
200 debilitating medical condition;

201 (2) The physician has explained the potential risks and benefits of
202 the palliative use of marijuana to the qualifying patient and, if the
203 qualifying patient lacks legal capacity, to a parent, guardian or person

204 having legal custody of the qualifying patient;

205 (3) The written certification issued by the physician is based upon
206 the physician's professional opinion after having completed a
207 medically reasonable assessment of the qualifying patient's medical
208 history and current medical condition made in the course of a bona
209 fide physician-patient relationship; and

210 (4) The physician has no financial interest in a dispensary licensed
211 under section 9 of this act or a producer licensed under section 10 of
212 this act.

213 Sec. 7. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2012*) Any marijuana,
214 paraphernalia relating to marijuana, or other property seized by law
215 enforcement officials from a qualifying patient or a primary caregiver
216 in connection with a claimed palliative use of marijuana under sections
217 1 to 15, inclusive, of this act shall be returned to the qualifying patient
218 or the primary caregiver immediately upon the determination by a
219 court that the qualifying patient or the primary caregiver is entitled to
220 the palliative use of marijuana under sections 1 to 15, inclusive, of this
221 act, as evidenced by a decision not to prosecute, a dismissal of charges
222 or an acquittal. This section does not apply to any qualifying patient or
223 primary caregiver who fails to comply with the requirements for the
224 palliative use of marijuana under sections 1 to 15, inclusive, of this act.

225 Sec. 8. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2012*) (a) Any person who makes a
226 fraudulent representation to a law enforcement official of any fact or
227 circumstance relating to the palliative use of marijuana in order to
228 avoid arrest or prosecution under chapter 420b of the general statutes
229 or any other provision of the general statutes shall be guilty of a class
230 C misdemeanor.

231 (b) Any person who makes a fraudulent representation to a law
232 enforcement official of any fact or circumstance relating to the
233 issuance, contents or validity of a written certification for the palliative
234 use of marijuana, or a document purporting to be such a written

235 certification, shall be guilty of a class A misdemeanor.

236 Sec. 9. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) No person may act as a
237 dispensary or represent that such person is a licensed dispensary
238 unless such person has obtained a license from the Commissioner of
239 Consumer Protection pursuant to this section.

240 (b) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection shall determine the
241 number of dispensaries appropriate to meet the needs of qualifying
242 patients in this state and shall adopt regulations, in accordance with
243 chapter 54 of the general statutes, to provide for the licensure and
244 standards for dispensaries in this state and specify the maximum
245 number of dispensaries that may be licensed in this state. On and after
246 the effective date of such regulations, the commissioner may license
247 any person who applies for a license in accordance with such
248 regulations, provided (1) the commissioner deems such applicant
249 qualified to acquire, possess, distribute and dispense marijuana
250 pursuant to sections 1 to 15, inclusive, of this act, (2) the applicant is a
251 pharmacist licensed under chapter 400j of the general statutes, and (3)
252 the number of dispensary licenses issued does not exceed the number
253 appropriate to meet the needs of qualifying patients in this state, as
254 determined by the commissioner pursuant to this subsection. At a
255 minimum, such regulations shall:

256 (A) Indicate the maximum number of dispensaries that may be
257 licensed in this state;

258 (B) Indicate that only a pharmacist licensed under chapter 400j of
259 the general statutes may apply for or receive a dispensary license;

260 (C) Provide that no marijuana may be dispensed from, obtained
261 from or transferred to a location outside of this state;

262 (D) Establish a licensing fee and renewal fee for each licensed
263 dispensary, provided such fees shall not be less than the amount
264 necessary to cover the direct and indirect cost of licensing and

265 regulating dispensaries pursuant to sections 1 to 15, inclusive, of this
266 act;

267 (E) Provide for renewal of such dispensary licenses at least every
268 two years;

269 (F) Describe areas in this state where licensed dispensaries may not
270 be located, after considering the criteria for the location of retail liquor
271 permit premises set forth in subsection (a) of section 30-46 of the
272 general statutes;

273 (G) Establish health, safety and security requirements for licensed
274 dispensaries, which may include, but need not be limited to: (i) The
275 ability to maintain adequate control against the diversion, theft and
276 loss of marijuana acquired or possessed by the licensed dispensary,
277 and (ii) the ability to maintain the knowledge, understanding,
278 judgment, procedures, security controls and ethics to assure optimal
279 safety and accuracy in the distributing, dispensing and use of
280 palliative marijuana;

281 (H) Establish standards and procedures for revocation, suspension,
282 summary suspension and nonrenewal of dispensary licenses, provided
283 such standards and procedures are consistent with the provisions of
284 subsection (c) of section 4-182 of the general statutes; and

285 (I) Establish other licensing, renewal and operational standards
286 deemed necessary by the commissioner.

287 (c) Any fees collected by the Department of Consumer Protection
288 under this section shall be paid to the State Treasurer and credited to
289 the account established pursuant to section 18 of this act.

290 Sec. 10. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) No person may act as a
291 producer or represent that such person is a licensed producer unless
292 such person has obtained a license from the Commissioner of
293 Consumer Protection pursuant to this section.

294 (b) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection shall determine the
295 number of producers appropriate to meet the needs of qualifying
296 patients in this state and shall adopt regulations, in accordance with
297 chapter 54 of the general statutes, to provide for the licensure,
298 standards and locations for producers in this state and specify the
299 maximum number of producers that may be licensed in this state at
300 any time. On and after the effective date of such regulations, the
301 commissioner may license any person who applies for a license in
302 accordance with such regulations, provided (1) the commissioner
303 deems such applicant qualified to cultivate marijuana and sell, deliver,
304 transport or distribute marijuana solely within this state pursuant to
305 sections 1 to 15, inclusive, of this act, and (2) the number of producer
306 licenses issued does not exceed the number appropriate to meet the
307 needs of qualifying patients in this state, as determined by the
308 commissioner pursuant to this subsection. At a minimum, such
309 regulations shall:

310 (A) Indicate the maximum number of producers that may be
311 licensed in this state at any time, which number shall not be less than
312 three nor more than ten producers;

313 (B) Provide that no marijuana may be sold, delivered, transported or
314 distributed by a producer from or to a location outside of this state;

315 (C) Establish a nonrefundable application fee of not less than
316 twenty-five thousand dollars for each application submitted for a
317 producer license;

318 (D) Establish a license fee and renewal fee for each licensed
319 producer, provided the aggregate amount of such license and renewal
320 fees shall not be less than the amount necessary to cover the direct and
321 indirect cost of licensing and regulating producers pursuant to sections
322 1 to 15, inclusive, of this act;

323 (E) Provide for renewal of such producer licenses at least every five
324 years;

325 (F) Provide that no producer may cultivate marijuana for palliative
326 use outside of this state and designate permissible locations for
327 licensed producers in this state;

328 (G) Establish financial requirements for producers, under which (i)
329 each applicant demonstrates the financial capacity to build and operate
330 a marijuana production facility, and (ii) each licensed producer may be
331 required to maintain an escrow account in a financial institution in this
332 state in an amount of two million dollars;

333 (H) Establish health, safety and security requirements for licensed
334 producers, which shall include, but need not be limited to, a
335 requirement that the applicant or licensed producer demonstrate: (i)
336 The ability to maintain adequate control against the diversion, theft
337 and loss of marijuana cultivated by the producer, and (ii) the ability to
338 cultivate pharmaceutical grade marijuana for palliative use in a secure
339 indoor facility;

340 (I) Establish standards and procedures for revocation, suspension,
341 summary suspension and nonrenewal of producer licenses, provided
342 such standards and procedures are consistent with the provisions of
343 subsection (c) of section 4-182 of the general statutes; and

344 (J) Establish other licensing, renewal and operational standards
345 deemed necessary by the commissioner.

346 (c) Any fees collected by the Department of Consumer Protection
347 under this section shall be paid to the State Treasurer and credited to
348 the account established pursuant to section 18 of this act.

349 Sec. 11. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2012*) (a) A licensed dispensary
350 shall not be subject to arrest or prosecution, penalized in any manner,
351 including, but not limited to, being subject to any civil penalty, or
352 denied any right or privilege, including, but not limited to, being
353 subject to any disciplinary action by a professional licensing board, for
354 acquiring, possessing, distributing or dispensing marijuana pursuant

355 to sections 1 to 15, inclusive, of this act.

356 (b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, a licensed
357 dispensary shall be subject to arrest, prosecution or civil or criminal
358 penalties pursuant to the laws of this state if the licensed dispensary:
359 (1) Acquires marijuana from a person other than a licensed producer;
360 (2) distributes or dispenses marijuana to a person who is not (A) a
361 qualifying patient registered under section 3 or 15 of this act, or (B) a
362 primary caregiver of such qualifying patient; or (3) obtains or
363 transports marijuana outside of this state in violation of federal law.

364 Sec. 12. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2012*) (a) A licensed producer
365 shall not be subject to arrest or prosecution, penalized in any manner,
366 including, but not limited to, being subject to any civil penalty, or
367 denied any right or privilege, including, but not limited to, being
368 subject to any disciplinary action by a professional licensing board, for
369 cultivating marijuana or selling, delivering, transporting or
370 distributing marijuana to licensed dispensaries under sections 1 to 15,
371 inclusive, of this act.

372 (b) Notwithstanding subsection (a) of this section, a licensed
373 producer shall be subject to arrest, prosecution or civil or criminal
374 penalties pursuant to the laws of this state if the licensed producer: (1)
375 Sells, delivers, transports or distributes marijuana to a person who is
376 not a licensed dispensary, or (2) obtains or transports marijuana
377 outside of this state in violation of federal law.

378 Sec. 13. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) The Commissioner of
379 Consumer Protection shall establish a Board of Physicians consisting of
380 eight physicians or surgeons who are knowledgeable about the
381 palliative use of marijuana and certified by the appropriate American
382 board in one of the following specialties: Neurology, pain medicine,
383 pain management, medical oncology, psychiatry, infectious disease,
384 family medicine or gynecology. Four of the members of the board first
385 appointed shall serve for a term of three years and four of the members
386 of the board first appointed shall serve for a term of four years.

387 Thereafter, members of the board shall serve for a term of four years
388 and shall be eligible for reappointment. Any member of the board may
389 serve until a successor is appointed. The Commissioner of Consumer
390 Protection shall serve as an ex-officio member of the board, and shall
391 select a chairperson from among the members of the board.

392 (b) A quorum of the Board of Physicians shall consist of three
393 members.

394 (c) The Board of Physicians shall:

395 (1) Review and recommend to the Department of Consumer
396 Protection for approval the debilitating medical conditions, medical
397 treatments or diseases to be added to the list of debilitating medical
398 conditions that qualify for the palliative use of marijuana;

399 (2) Accept and review petitions to add medical conditions, medical
400 treatments or diseases to the list of debilitating medical conditions that
401 qualify for the palliative use of marijuana;

402 (3) Convene at least twice per year to conduct public hearings and
403 to evaluate petitions, which shall be maintained as confidential
404 pursuant to subsection (d) of this section, for the purpose of adding
405 medical conditions, medical treatments or diseases to the list of
406 debilitating medical conditions that qualify for the palliative use of
407 marijuana;

408 (4) Review and recommend to the Department of Consumer
409 Protection protocols for determining the amounts of marijuana that
410 may be reasonably necessary to ensure uninterrupted availability for a
411 period of one month for qualifying patients, including amounts for
412 topical treatments; and

413 (5) Perform other duties related to the palliative use of marijuana
414 upon the request of the Commissioner of Consumer Protection.

415 (d) Any individually identifiable health information contained in a

416 petition received under this section shall be confidential and shall not
417 be subject to disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act, as
418 defined in section 1-200 of the general statutes.

419 Sec. 14. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) (a) The Commissioner of
420 Consumer Protection may adopt regulations, in accordance with
421 chapter 54 of the general statutes, to establish (1) a standard form for
422 written certifications for the palliative use of marijuana issued by
423 physicians under subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 2 of this
424 act, and (2) procedures for registrations under section 3 of this act.
425 Such regulations, if any, shall be adopted after consultation with the
426 Board of Physicians established in section 13 of this act.

427 (b) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection shall adopt
428 regulations, in accordance with chapter 54 of the general statutes, to
429 establish a reasonable fee to be collected from each qualifying patient
430 to whom a written certification for the palliative use of marijuana is
431 issued under subdivision (2) of subsection (a) of section 2 of this act,
432 for the purpose of offsetting the direct and indirect costs of
433 administering the provisions of sections 1 to 15, inclusive, of this act.
434 The commissioner shall collect such fee at the time the qualifying
435 patient registers with the Department of Consumer Protection under
436 subsection (a) of section 3 of this act. Such fee shall be in addition to
437 any registration fee that may be charged under said subsection. The
438 fees required to be collected by the commissioner from qualifying
439 patients under this subsection shall be paid to the State Treasurer and
440 credited to the account established pursuant to section 18 of this act.

441 (c) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection shall adopt
442 regulations, in accordance with chapter 54 of the general statutes, to
443 implement the provisions of sections 1 to 15, inclusive, of this act. At a
444 minimum, such regulations shall:

445 (1) Govern the manner in which the department considers
446 applications for the issuance and renewal of registration certificates for
447 qualifying patients and primary caregivers, and establish any

448 additional information to be contained in such registration certificates;

449 (2) Define the protocols for determining the amount of useable
450 marijuana that is necessary to constitute an adequate supply to ensure
451 uninterrupted availability for a period of one month, including
452 amounts for topical treatments;

453 (3) Identify criteria and set forth procedures for adopting
454 regulations to add additional medical conditions, medical treatments
455 or diseases to the list of debilitating medical conditions that qualify for
456 the palliative use of marijuana, which procedures shall include a
457 petition process and shall allow for public comment and public
458 hearings before the board;

459 (4) Add additional medical conditions, medical treatments or
460 diseases to the list of debilitating medical conditions that qualify for
461 the palliative use of marijuana as recommended by the board; and

462 (5) Develop a distribution system for marijuana for palliative use
463 that provides for:

464 (A) Marijuana production facilities within this state housed on
465 secured grounds and operated by licensed producers; and

466 (B) Distribution of marijuana for palliative use to qualifying patients
467 or their primary caregivers by licensed dispensaries.

468 (d) The commissioner shall submit regulations pursuant to
469 subsections (b) and (c) of this section to the standing legislative
470 regulation review committee not later than July 1, 2013.

471 Sec. 15. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2012*) (a) During the period
472 beginning on October 1, 2012, and ending thirty calendar days after the
473 effective date of regulations adopted pursuant to section 14 of this act,
474 a qualifying patient who would be determined to be eligible for a
475 registration certificate pursuant to subsection (a) of section 3 of this act,
476 except for the lack of effective regulations concerning licensed

477 dispensaries, licensed producers, distribution systems and amounts of
478 marijuana, may obtain a written certification from a physician and
479 upon presenting the written certification to the Department of
480 Consumer Protection, the department shall issue a temporary
481 registration certificate for the palliative use of marijuana. The
482 department shall indicate on such temporary registration certificate the
483 amount of useable marijuana that constitutes a one month supply
484 which may be possessed pursuant to such temporary registration
485 certificate. The department shall maintain a list of all temporary
486 registration certificates issued pursuant to this section and the
487 information on such list shall be confidential and shall not be subject to
488 disclosure under the Freedom of Information Act, as defined in section
489 1-200 of the general statutes, except that such information may be
490 disclosed in the manner set forth in subsection (b) of section 3 of this
491 act.

492 (b) A qualifying patient possessing a temporary registration
493 certificate and the qualifying patient's primary caregiver shall not be
494 subject to arrest or prosecution, penalized in any manner, including,
495 but not limited to, being subject to any civil penalty, or denied any
496 right or privilege, including, but not limited to, being subject to any
497 disciplinary action by a professional licensing board, for possessing
498 marijuana if the amount of usable marijuana possessed by the
499 qualifying patient and the primary caregiver is not more than the
500 amount specified in the temporary registration certificate.

501 (c) A physician shall not be subject to arrest or prosecution,
502 penalized in any manner, including, but not limited to, being subject to
503 any civil penalty, or denied any right or privilege, including, but not
504 limited to, being subject to any disciplinary action by the Connecticut
505 Medical Examining Board or other professional licensing board, for
506 providing a written certification for the palliative use of marijuana
507 pursuant to this section.

508 Sec. 16. (NEW) (*Effective October 1, 2012*) (a) For the purposes of this

509 section:

510 (1) "Action" has the meaning provided in section 47a-1 of the
511 general statutes;

512 (2) "Dwelling unit" has the meaning provided in section 47a-1 of the
513 general statutes;

514 (3) "Employer" means a person engaged in business who has one or
515 more employees, including the state and any political subdivision of
516 the state;

517 (4) "Landlord" has the meaning provided in section 47a-1 of the
518 general statutes;

519 (5) "Palliative use" has the meaning provided in section 1 of this act;

520 (6) "Primary caregiver" has the meaning provided in section 1 of this
521 act;

522 (7) "Qualifying patient" has the meaning provided in section 1 of
523 this act;

524 (8) "School" means a public or private elementary or secondary
525 school in this state or a public or private institution of higher education
526 in this state; and

527 (9) "Tenant" has the meaning provided in section 47a-1 of the
528 general statutes.

529 (b) Unless required by federal law or required to obtain federal
530 funding:

531 (1) No school may refuse to enroll any person or discriminate
532 against any student solely on the basis of such person's or student's
533 status as a qualifying patient or primary caregiver under sections 1 to
534 15, inclusive, of this act;

535 (2) No landlord may refuse to rent a dwelling unit to a person or
536 take action against a tenant solely on the basis of such person's or
537 tenant's status as a qualifying patient or primary caregiver under
538 sections 1 to 15, inclusive, of this act; and

539 (3) No employer may refuse to hire a person or may discharge,
540 penalize or threaten an employee solely on the basis of such person's
541 or employee's status as a qualifying patient or primary caregiver under
542 sections 1 to 15, inclusive, of this act.

543 (c) Nothing in this section shall be construed to permit the palliative
544 use of marijuana in violation of subsection (b) of section 2 of this act.

545 Sec. 17. Section 21a-243 of the 2012 supplement to the general
546 statutes is repealed and the following is substituted in lieu thereof
547 (*Effective October 1, 2012*):

548 (a) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection shall adopt
549 regulations for the efficient enforcement and operation of sections 21a-
550 244 to 21a-282, inclusive.

551 (b) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection may, so far as may
552 be consistent with sections 21a-244 to 21a-282, inclusive, adopt the
553 regulations existing under the federal Controlled Substances Act and
554 pertinent regulations existing under the federal food and drug laws
555 and conform regulations adopted hereunder with those existing under
556 the federal Controlled Substances Act and federal food and drug laws.

557 (c) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection, acting upon the
558 advice of the Commission of Pharmacy, may by regulation designate,
559 after investigation, as a controlled substance, a substance or chemical
560 composition containing any quantity of a substance which has been
561 found to have a stimulant, depressant or hallucinogenic effect upon
562 the higher functions of the central nervous system and having a
563 tendency to promote abuse or physiological or psychological
564 dependence or both. Such substances are classifiable as amphetamine-

565 type, barbiturate-type, cannabis-type, cocaine-type, hallucinogenic,
566 morphine-type and other stimulant and depressant substances, and
567 specifically exclude alcohol, caffeine and nicotine. Substances which
568 are designated as controlled substances shall be classified in schedules
569 I to V by regulations adopted pursuant to subsection (a) of this section.

570 (d) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection may by regulation
571 change the schedule in which a substance classified as a controlled
572 substance in schedules I to V of the controlled substance scheduling
573 regulations is placed. On or before December 15, 1986, and annually
574 thereafter, the commissioner shall submit a list of all such schedule
575 changes to the chairmen and ranking members of the joint standing
576 committee of the General Assembly having cognizance of matters
577 relating to public health.

578 (e) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsections (a) to (d),
579 inclusive, of this section, not later than January 1, 2013, the
580 Commissioner of Consumer Protection shall submit amendments to
581 sections 21a-243-7 and 21a-243-8 of the regulations of Connecticut state
582 agencies to the standing legislative regulation review committee to
583 reclassify marijuana as a controlled substance in schedule II under the
584 Connecticut controlled substance scheduling regulations.

585 [(e)] (f) A new or amended regulation under this chapter shall be
586 adopted in accordance with the provisions of chapter 54.

587 [(f)] (g) In the event of any inconsistency between the contents of
588 schedules I, II, III, IV and V of the controlled substance scheduling
589 regulations and schedules I, II, III, IV and V of the federal Controlled
590 Substances Act, as amended, the provisions of the federal act shall
591 prevail, except (1) when the provisions of the Connecticut controlled
592 substance scheduling regulations place a controlled substance in a
593 schedule with a higher numerical designation, schedule I being the
594 highest designation, or (2) as provided in subsection (e) of this section.

595 [(g)] (h) When a drug that is not a controlled substance in schedule

596 I, II, III, IV or V, as designated in the Connecticut controlled substance
597 scheduling regulations, is designated to be a controlled substance
598 under the federal Controlled Substances Act, such drug shall be
599 considered to be controlled at the state level in the same numerical
600 schedule for a period of two hundred forty days from the effective date
601 of the federal classification.

602 [(h)] (i) The Commissioner of Consumer Protection shall, by
603 regulation adopted pursuant to this section, designate the following
604 substances, by whatever official, common, usual, chemical or trade
605 name designation, as controlled substances and classify each such
606 substance in the appropriate schedule:

607 (1) 1-pentyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-018);

608 (2) 1-butyl-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-073);

609 (3) 1-[2-(4-morpholinyl)ethyl]-3-(1-naphthoyl)indole (JWH-200);

610 (4) 5-(1,1-dimethylheptyl)-2-[(1R,3S)-3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol
611 (CP-47,497);

612 (5) 5-(1,1-dimethyloctyl)-2-[(1R,3S)-3-hydroxycyclohexyl]-phenol
613 (cannabicyclohexanol; CP-47,497 C8 homologue);

614 (6) *Salvia divinorum*; and

615 (7) *Salvinorum A*.

616 [(i)] (j) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (c) of this
617 section, the Commissioner of Consumer Protection shall designate the
618 following substances, by whatever official, common, usual, chemical or
619 trade name designation, as controlled substances in schedule I of the
620 controlled substances scheduling regulations:

621 (1) Mephedrone (4-methylmethcathinone); and

622 (2) MDPV (3,4-methylenedioxypropylvalerone).

623 Sec. 18. (NEW) (*Effective from passage*) There is established a
 624 palliative marijuana administration account which shall be a separate,
 625 nonlapsing account within the General Fund. The account shall
 626 contain any fees collected pursuant to subsection (a) of section 3 of this
 627 act, any fees collected pursuant to subsection (b) of section 14 of this
 628 act, any fees collected pursuant to sections 9 and 10 of this act, and any
 629 other moneys required by law to be deposited in the account, and shall
 630 be held in trust separate and apart from all other moneys, funds and
 631 accounts. Any balance remaining in the account at the end of any fiscal
 632 year shall be carried forward in the account for the fiscal year next
 633 succeeding. Investment earnings credited to the account shall become
 634 part of the account. Amounts in the account shall be expended only for
 635 the purpose of providing funds to the Department of Consumer
 636 Protection for administering the provisions of sections 1 to 15,
 637 inclusive, of this act.

This act shall take effect as follows and shall amend the following sections:		
Section 1	<i>October 1, 2012</i>	New section
Sec. 2	<i>October 1, 2012</i>	New section
Sec. 3	<i>October 1, 2012</i>	New section
Sec. 4	<i>October 1, 2012</i>	New section
Sec. 5	<i>October 1, 2012</i>	New section
Sec. 6	<i>October 1, 2012</i>	New section
Sec. 7	<i>October 1, 2012</i>	New section
Sec. 8	<i>October 1, 2012</i>	New section
Sec. 9	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 10	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 11	<i>October 1, 2012</i>	New section
Sec. 12	<i>October 1, 2012</i>	New section
Sec. 13	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 14	<i>from passage</i>	New section
Sec. 15	<i>October 1, 2012</i>	New section
Sec. 16	<i>October 1, 2012</i>	New section
Sec. 17	<i>October 1, 2012</i>	21a-243
Sec. 18	<i>from passage</i>	New section

Statement of Purpose:

To permit the palliative use of marijuana.

[Proposed deletions are enclosed in brackets. Proposed additions are indicated by underline, except that when the entire text of a bill or resolution or a section of a bill or resolution is new, it is not underlined.]